



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Features

1/11-Inch System-on-a-Chip (SOC) CMOS Digital Image Sensor Die

MT9V113

For the product data sheet, refer to Micron's Web site at www.micron.com

Features

- DigitalClarity[®] CMOS imaging technology
- Superior low-light performance
- Ultra low power, low cost
- Internal master clock generated by on-die phase-lock-loop (PLL) oscillator
- Electronic rolling shutter (ERS), progressive scan
- Integrated image flow processor (IFP) for single-die camera module
- Automatic image correction and enhancement, including four-channel lens shading correction
- Arbitrary image scaling with anti-aliasing
- Two-wire serial interface providing access to registers and microcontroller memory
- Selectable output data format: YCbCr, 565RGB, 555RGB, 444RGB, processed Bayer, RAW8- and RAW10-bit
- Programmable I/O slew rate
- Parallel and serial MIPI data output
- Xenon and LED flash support with fast exposure adaptation
- Independently configurable gamma correction

General Physical Specifications

- Die thickness: 200 $\mu\text{m} \pm 12\mu\text{m}$
(Consult factory for other thickness)
- Back side die surface of bare silicon
- Typical metal 1 thickness: 3.1k \AA
- Typical metal 2 thickness: 3.2k \AA
- Typical metal 3 thickness: 3.2k \AA
- Typical metal 4 thickness: 4.0k \AA
- Metallization composition: 99.5 percent Al and 0.5 percent Cu over Ti
- Typical topside passivation: 2.2k \AA nitride over 5.0k \AA of undoped oxide
- Passivation openings (MIN): 75 $\mu\text{m} \times 90\mu\text{m}$

Order Information

MT9V113D00STCK22AC1

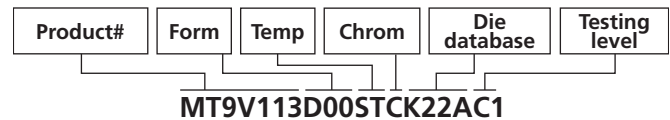
Notes: 1. Consult die distributor or factory before ordering to verify long-term availability of these die products.

Die Database K22A

- Die outline, see Figure 2 on page 9
- Singulated die size (nominal dimension): 3,485 $\mu\text{m} \pm 25\mu\text{m} \times 3,729\mu\text{m} \pm 25\mu\text{m}$
- Bond Pad Location and Identification Tables, see pages 5–8

Options

- Form
 - Die D
- Testing
 - Standard (level 1) probe C1



Key Performance Parameters

- Optical format: 1/11-inch (4:3)
- Full resolution: 648 x 488 pixels (VGA)
- Pixel size: 2.2 $\mu\text{m} \times 2.2\mu\text{m}$
- Dynamic range: 63.5dB
- Responsivity: 1.15 V/lux-sec
- Chief ray angle: 27.12° MAX at 100% image height
- Color filter array: RGB Bayer pattern
- Active pixel array area: 1.43mm x 1.07mm
- Shutter type: electronic rolling shutter (ERS)
- Input clock frequency: 6–48 MHz (PLL-enabled)
- Maximum frame rate: 30 fps at full resolution
- Maximum pixel data output: 14 Mp/s
- Maximum pixel clock frequency: 28 MHz
- Supply voltage: analog: 2.5–3.1V
 - Digital: 1.70–1.95V
 - I/O: 1.70–1.95V or 2.5–3.1V
 - PLL: 2.5–3.1V
 - PHY: 1.70–1.95V (MIPI physical layer)
- ADC resolution: 10-bit, on-die
- Typical power consumption: 80mW at 30 fps, full resolution; 30 μW , standby
- Operating temperature: –30°C to +70°C



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die General Description

General Description

Micron's MT9V113 die is a 1/11-inch VGA CMOS digital image sensor with an integrated advanced camera system. The camera system features a microcontroller (MCU), a sophisticated image flow processor (IFP), and both parallel and serial mobile industry processor interface (MIPI) ports. The microcontroller manages all functions of the camera system and sets key operation parameters for the sensor core to optimize the quality of raw image data entering the IFP. The sensor core consists of an active pixel array of 648 x 488 pixels with programmable timing and control circuitry. It also includes an analog signal chain with automatic offset correction, programmable gain, and 10-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC).

The entire system-on-a-chip (SOC) has an ultra-low power operational mode and a superior low-light performance that is particularly suitable for mobile applications. The MT9V113 die features DigitalClarity—Micron's breakthrough low-noise CMOS imaging technology that achieves near-CCD image quality (based on signal-to-noise and low-light sensitivity) while maintaining the inherent size, cost, and integration advantages of CMOS.

Die Testing Procedures

Micron[®] imager die products are tested with a standard probe (C1) test level. Wafer probe is performed at an elevated temperature to test product functionality in Micron's standard package. Because the package environment is not within Micron's control, the user must determine the necessary heat sink requirements to ensure that the die junction temperature remains within specified limits.

Image quality is verified through various imaging tests. The probe functional test flow provides test coverage for the on-die ADC, logic, serial interface bus, and pixel array. Test conditions, margins, limits, and test sequence are determined by individual product yields and reliability data.

Micron retains a wafer map of each wafer as part of the probe records, along with a lot summary of wafer yields for each lot probed. Micron reserves the right to change the probe program at any time to improve the reliability, packaged device yield, or performance of the product.

Die users may experience differences in performance relative to Micron's data sheets. This is due to differences in package capacitance, inductance, resistance, and trace length.

Functional Specifications

The specifications provided here are for reference only. For target functional and parametric specifications, refer to the packaged product data sheet found on Micron's Web site.

Bonding Instructions

The MT9V113 die has 48 bond pads. Refer to Tables 1 and 2 on pages 5–8 for a complete list of bond pads and coordinates.

The MT9V113 die does not require the user to determine bond option features.



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Storage Requirements

The die also has several pads defined as “do not use.” These pads are reserved for engineering purposes and should not be used. Bonding these pads could result in a nonfunctional die.

To ensure proper device operation, all power supply bond pads must be bonded.

Figure 1 on page 4 shows typical MT9V113 device connections. For low-noise operation, the MT9V113 requires separate supplies for analog and digital sections of the die. Both power supply rails should be decoupled to ground using capacitors as close as possible to the die. The use of inductance filters is not recommended on the power supplies or output signals.

The MT9V113 provides dedicated signals for digital core, PHY, and I/O power domains that can be at different voltages. The PLL and analog circuitry require clean power sources.

Storage Requirements

Micron die products are packaged for shipping in a cleanroom environment. Upon receipt, the customer should transfer the die to a similar environment for storage. Micron recommends the die be maintained in a filtered nitrogen atmosphere until removed for assembly. The moisture content of the storage facility should be maintained at 30 percent relative humidity \pm 10 percent. ESD damage precautions are necessary during handling. The die must be in an ESD-protected environment at all times for inspection and assembly.

Product Reliability Monitors

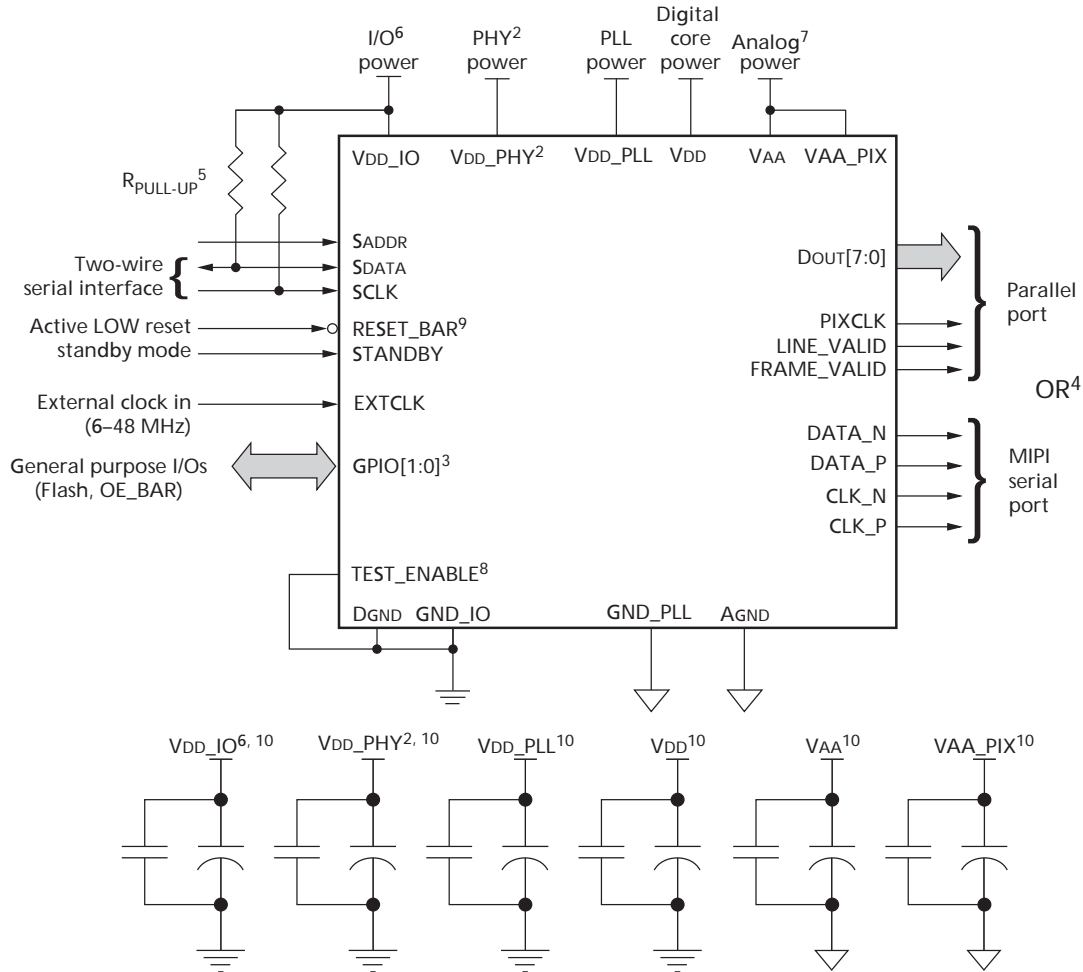
Reliability of all packaged products is monitored by ongoing reliability evaluations. Micron's QRA department continually samples product families for reliability studies. These samples are subjected to a battery of tests known as the “Accelerated Life” and “Environmental Stress” tests. During these tests, devices are stressed for many hours under conditions designed to simulate years of normal field use. A summary of these product family evaluations is published on a regular basis.



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Typical Connection

Typical Connection

Figure 1: Typical Configuration (Connection)



- Notes:
1. This typical configuration shows only one scenario out of multiple possible variations for this sensor.
 2. If a MIPI interface is not required, the following pads must be left floating: DATA_P, DATA_N, CLK_P, and CLK_N. The VDD_PHY pad must always be connected to 1.8V supply.
 3. The GPIO pads have multiple features that can be reconfigured. The function and direction will vary by application. No internal pull-up or pull-down resistors are provided for GPIO pins. An external source needs to drive GPIO pins when GPIO pins are configured as inputs.
 4. Only one of the output modes (serial or parallel) can be used at any time.
 5. Micron recommends a 1.5kΩ resistor value for the two-wire serial interface Rpull-up; however, greater values may be used for slower transmission speed.
 6. All inputs must be configured with VDD_IO.
 7. VAA and VAA_PIX must be tied together.
 8. TEST_ENABLE has an internal pull-down resistor.
 9. RESET_BAR has an internal pull-up resistor.
 10. Micron recommends that 0.1µF and 1µF decoupling capacitors for each power supply are mounted as close as possible to the pad. Actual values and numbers may vary depending on layout and design considerations.



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Bond Pad Location and Identification Tables

Bond Pad Location and Identification Tables

Table 1: Bond Pad Location From Center of Pad 1

Pad	Pad Name	"X" ¹ Microns	"Y" ¹ Microns	"X" ¹ Inches	"Y" ¹ Inches
1	GND_PLL	0.00	0.00	0.0000000	0.0000000
2	VDD_PLL	141.10	0.00	0.0055551	0.0000000
3	DATA_P	369.20	0.00	0.0145354	0.0000000
4	DATA_N	599.20	0.00	0.0235906	0.0000000
5	CLK_P	829.21	0.00	0.0326459	0.0000000
6	CLK_N	1059.21	0.00	0.0417010	0.0000000
7	VDD_PHY	1320.82	0.00	0.0520008	0.0000000
8	VDD1	1461.92	0.00	0.0575559	0.0000000
9	DGND1	1603.02	0.00	0.0631110	0.0000000
10	EXTCLK	1744.12	0.00	0.0686661	0.0000000
11	VDD_IO1	1885.82	0.00	0.0742449	0.0000000
12	DOUT0	2026.35	0.00	0.0797774	0.0000000
13	GND_IO1	2169.45	0.00	0.0854114	0.0000000
14	DOUT1	2316.37	0.00	0.0911955	0.0000000
15	DGND2	2459.46	0.00	0.0968291	0.0000000
16	VDD2	2594.76	0.00	0.1021559	0.0000000
17	VDD_IO2	2735.83	0.00	0.1077098	0.0000000
18	GND_IO2	3003.21	-230.83	0.1182366	-0.0090878
19	DOUT2	3003.21	-400.84	0.1182366	-0.0157809
20	DOUT3	3003.21	-574.26	0.1182366	-0.0226085
21	DOUT4	3003.21	-747.68	0.1182366	-0.0294360
22	VAA_PIX	3003.21	-982.39	0.1182366	-0.0386768
23	VAA	3003.21	-1092.59	0.1182366	-0.0430154
24	DNU ²	3003.21	-1202.79	0.1182366	-0.0473539
25	DNU	3003.21	-1312.99	0.1182366	-0.0516925
26	AGND	3003.21	-1423.19	0.1182366	-0.0560311
27	TEST_EN ³	3003.21	-2691.92	0.1182366	-0.1059811
28	RESET_BAR	3003.21	-2841.56	0.1182366	-0.1118724
29	SCLK	3003.21	-2991.20	0.1182366	-0.1177638
30	STANDBY	3003.21	-3140.84	0.1182366	-0.1236551
31	GND_IO4	3003.21	-3285.77	0.1182366	-0.1293610
32	VDD4	2735.76	-3516.60	0.1077071	-0.1384488
33	DGND4	2560.95	-3516.60	0.1008248	-0.1384488
34	SDATA	2386.14	-3516.60	0.0939425	-0.1384488
35	GPIO_1	2205.02	-3516.60	0.0868116	-0.1384488
36	PIXCLK	2031.60	-3516.60	0.0799841	-0.1384488
37	SADDR	1855.40	-3516.60	0.0730472	-0.1384488
38	GPIO_0	1680.59	-3516.60	0.0661648	-0.1384488
39	VDD_IO4	1505.78	-3516.60	0.0592827	-0.1384488
40	GND_IO3	1192.57	-3516.60	0.0469516	-0.1384488
41	FRAME_VALID	1017.76	-3516.60	0.0400691	-0.1384488
42	LINE_VALID	844.34	-3516.60	0.0332415	-0.1384488
43	DGND3	668.14	-3516.60	0.0263047	-0.1384488



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Bond Pad Location and Identification Tables

Table 1: Bond Pad Location From Center of Pad 1 (continued)

Pad	Pad Name	"X" ¹ Microns	"Y" ¹ Microns	"X" ¹ Inches	"Y" ¹ Inches
44	DOUT7	493.33	-3516.60	0.0194222	-0.1384488
45	VDD3	318.52	-3516.60	0.0125402	-0.1384488
46	DOUT6	143.71	-3516.60	0.0056577	-0.1384488
47	DOUT5	-29.72	-3516.60	-0.0011699	-0.1384488
48	VDD_IO3	-205.91	-3516.60	-0.0081067	-0.1384488

- Notes:
1. Reference to center of each bond pad from center of bond pad 1.
 2. DNU = "do not use."
 3. Connect to DGND or leave floating for normal operation.
 4. To ensure proper device operation, all power supply bond pads must be bonded.



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Bond Pad Location and Identification Tables

Table 2: Bond Pad Location From Center of Die (0, 0)

Pad	Pad Name	"X" ¹ Microns	"Y" ¹ Microns	"X" ¹ Inches	"Y" ¹ Inches
1	GND_PLL	-1367.91	1758.30	-0.0538547	0.0692244
2	VDD_PLL	-1226.81	1758.30	-0.0482996	0.0692244
3	DATA_P	-998.71	1758.30	-0.0393193	0.0692244
4	DATA_N	-768.71	1758.30	-0.0302642	0.0692244
5	CLK_P	-538.71	1758.30	-0.0212089	0.0692244
6	CLK_N	-308.71	1758.30	-0.0121537	0.0692244
7	VDD_PHY	-47.09	1758.30	-0.0018539	0.0692244
8	VDD1	94.01	1758.30	0.0037012	0.0692244
9	DGND1	235.11	1758.30	0.0092563	0.0692244
10	EXTCLK	376.21	1758.30	0.0148114	0.0692244
11	VDD_IO1	517.91	1758.30	0.0203902	0.0692244
12	DOUT0	658.44	1758.30	0.0259226	0.0692244
13	GND_IO1	801.54	1758.30	0.0315567	0.0692244
14	DOUT1	948.46	1758.30	0.0373407	0.0692244
15	DGND2	1091.55	1758.30	0.0429744	0.0692244
16	VDD2	1226.85	1758.30	0.0483012	0.0692244
17	VDD_IO2	1367.92	1758.30	0.0538551	0.0692244
18	GND_IO2	1635.30	1527.47	0.0643819	0.0601366
19	DOUT2	1635.30	1357.47	0.0643819	0.0534435
20	DOUT3	1635.30	1184.05	0.0643819	0.0466159
21	DOUT4	1635.30	1010.63	0.0643819	0.0397884
22	VAA_PIX	1635.30	775.91	0.0643819	0.0305476
23	VAA	1635.30	665.71	0.0643819	0.0262091
24	DNU ²	1635.30	555.51	0.0643819	0.0218705
25	DNU	1635.30	445.31	0.0643819	0.0175319
26	AGND	1635.30	335.11	0.0643819	0.0131933
27	TEST_EN ³	1635.30	-933.62	0.0643819	-0.0367567
28	RESET_BAR	1635.30	-1083.26	0.0643819	-0.0426480
29	SCLK	1635.30	-1232.90	0.0643819	-0.0485394
30	STANDBY	1635.30	-1382.54	0.0643819	-0.0544307
31	GND_IO4	1635.30	-1527.47	0.0643819	-0.0601366
32	VDD4	1367.85	-1758.30	0.0538524	-0.0692244
33	DGND4	1193.04	-1758.30	0.0469701	-0.0692244
34	SDATA	1018.23	-1758.30	0.0400878	-0.0692244
35	GPIO_1	837.11	-1758.30	0.0329569	-0.0692244
36	PIXCLK	663.69	-1758.30	0.0261293	-0.0692244
37	SADDR	487.49	-1758.30	0.0191925	-0.0692244
38	GPIO_0	312.68	-1758.30	0.0123100	-0.0692244
39	VDD_IO4	137.87	-1758.30	0.0054280	-0.0692244
40	GND_IO3	-175.34	-1758.30	-0.0069031	-0.0692244
41	FRAME_VALID	-350.16	-1758.30	-0.0137856	-0.0692244
42	LINE_VALID	-523.58	-1758.30	-0.0206132	-0.0692244



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Bond Pad Location and Identification Tables

Table 2: Bond Pad Location From Center of Die (0, 0) (continued)

Pad	Pad Name	"X" ¹ Microns	"Y" ¹ Microns	"X" ¹ Inches	"Y" ¹ Inches
43	DGND3	-699.77	-1758.30	-0.0275500	-0.0692244
44	DOUT7	-874.59	-1758.30	-0.0344325	-0.0692244
45	VDD3	-1049.39	-1758.30	-0.0413146	-0.0692244
46	DOUT6	-1224.21	-1758.30	-0.0481970	-0.0692244
47	DOUT5	-1397.63	-1758.30	-0.0550246	-0.0692244
48	VDD_IO3	-1573.82	-1758.30	-0.0619614	-0.0692244

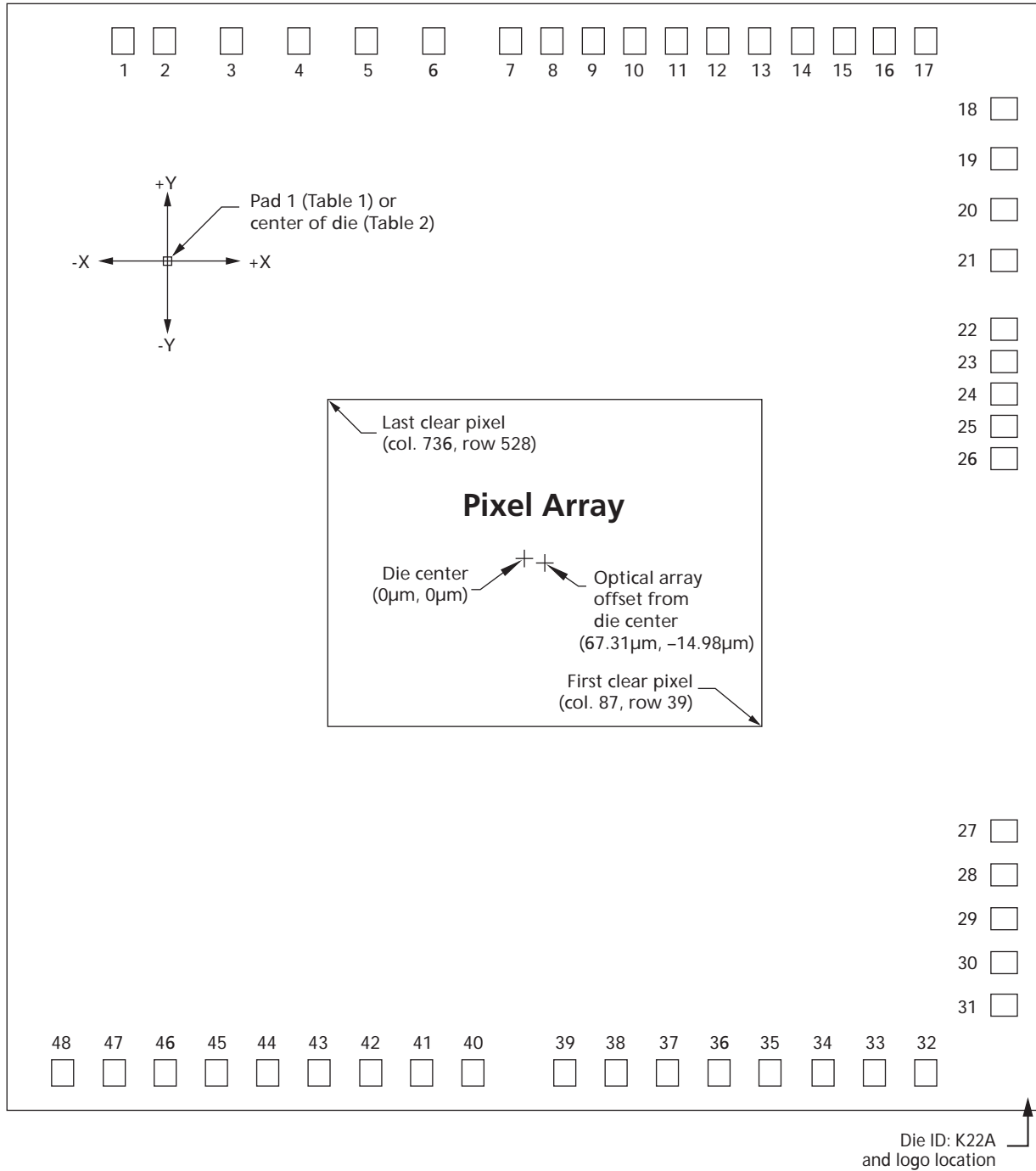
- Notes:
1. Reference to center of each bond pad from center of die (0, 0).
 2. DNU = "do not use."
 3. Connect to DGND or leave floating for normal operation.
 4. To ensure proper device operation, all power supply bond pads must be bonded.



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Die Features

Die Features

Figure 2: Die Outline (Top View)





MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Physical Specifications

Physical Specifications

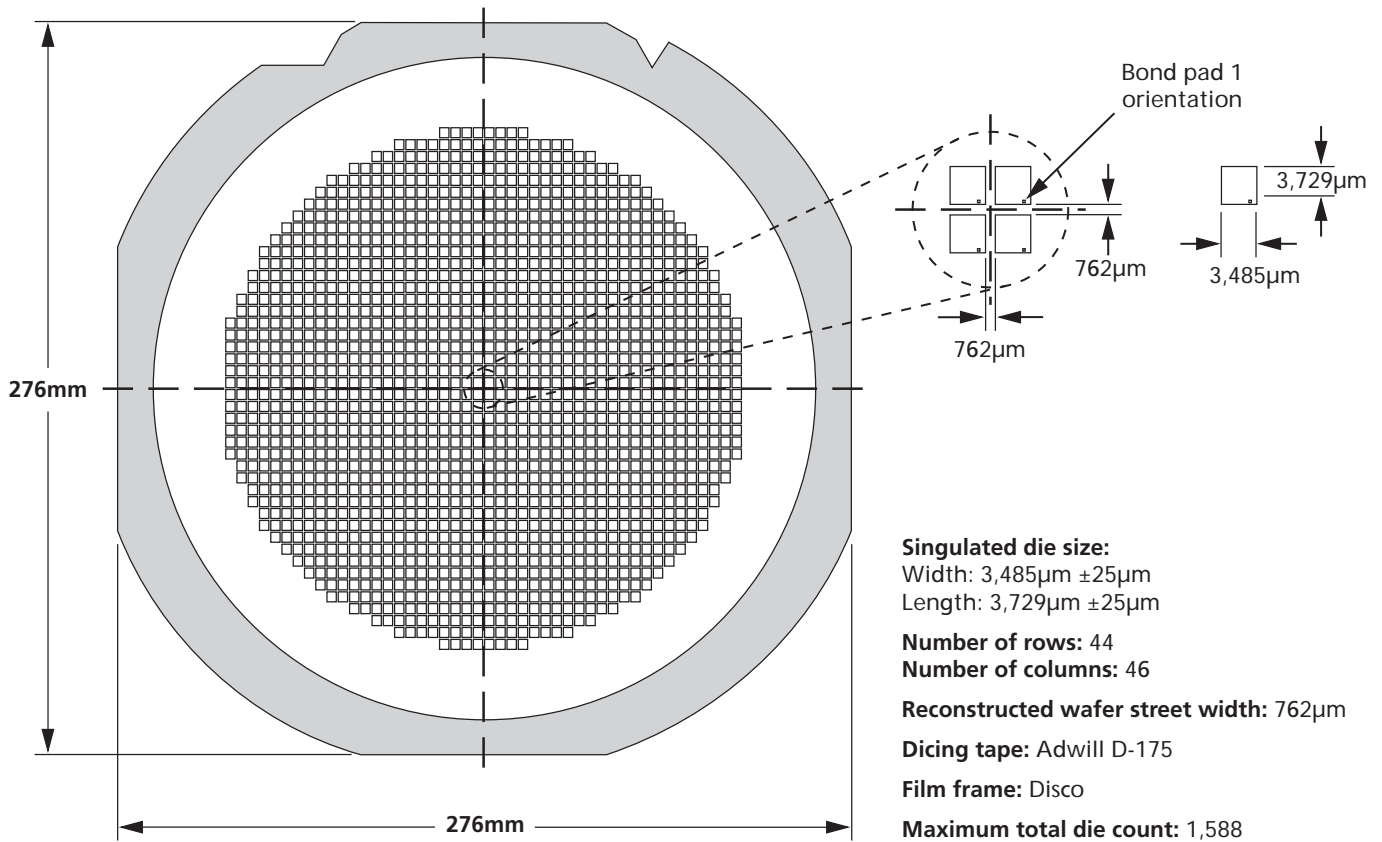
Table 3: Physical Dimensions

Feature	Dimensions
Wafer diameter	200mm (8in)
Die thickness	200 μ m \pm 12 μ m
Singulated die size <i>Width:</i> <i>Length:</i>	3,485 μ m \pm 25 μ m 3,729 μ m \pm 25 μ m
Bond pad size (MIN)	85 μ m x 100 μ m
Passivation openings (MIN)	75 μ m x 90 μ m
Minimum bond pad pitch	110.2 μ m
Optical array <i>Optical center from die center:</i> <i>Optical center from center of pad 1:</i>	X = 67.31 μ m, Y = -14.98 μ m X = 1,435.22 μ m, Y = -1,773.28 μ m
First clear pixel (col. 87, row 39) <i>From die center:</i> <i>From center of pad 1:</i>	X = 781.28 μ m, Y = -552.87 μ m X = 2,149.19 μ m, Y = -2,311.17 μ m
Last clear pixel (col. 736, row 528) <i>From die center:</i> <i>From center of pad 1:</i>	X = -646.61 μ m, Y = 522.99 μ m X = 721.30 μ m, Y = -1,235.32 μ m



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Physical Specifications

Figure 3: Die Orientation in Reconstructed Wafer



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Advance: This data sheet contains initial descriptions of products still under development.



MT9V113: 1/11-Inch VGA SOC Digital Image Sensor Die Revision History

Revision History

Rev. C, Advance	11/07
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changed dynamic range from 70 to 63.5dB. • Changed responsivity from 1.4 to 1.15 V/lux-sec. • Changed CRA from 25.48° MAX at 90% image height to 27.12° MAX at 100% image height. • Added “Typical metal 1 thickness: 3.1kÅ” on page 1. • Changed typical metal 2 and typical metal 3 thickness from 3.1kÅ to 3.2kÅ. • Changed typical metal 4 thickness from 4.15kÅ to 4.0kÅ . • Changed typical power consumption on page 1 from “80mW at 30 fps, full resolution; 30µW, standby” to “70mW at 30 fps, full resolution; 35µW, standby” • Updated formats 	
Rev. B, Advance	3/07
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added die ID and logo location to Figure 2 on page 9 • Corrected die thickness from 305µm to 200µm 	
Rev. A, Advance	3/07
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initial release 	